

LABOR MUST ACT! SACCO AND VANZETTI SHALL NOT DIE!

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FULLER PLANS DEATH FOR SACCO AND VANZETTI

Current Events

By T. J. O'Flaherty.

THE Austrian revolt has been satisfactorily disposed off for the time being and the American tourists agencies that had not anticipated such an unusual diversion as a rebellion when fixing a reasonable rate for the services rendered their customers may demand a bonus. In view of the fact—attested to by practically all capitalist correspondents—that revolution is foreign to the nature of the peace-loving Austrians, and that rare things command a higher price than common things, therefore since one revolution in Austria is worth more on the market than a dozen in Albania, we see no good reason why the American tourists should not anticipate the wishes of the agencies and kick in without having to be asked.

It would seem that a hungry and angry Austrian flies to a lethal weapon with as much alacrity as a skeptical Irishman or a dreamy and skeptical Russian. (Read New York Times editorials for confirmation) We were under the impression that an Austrian's idea of heaven is a well beveled paunch, a stein of beer and a game of pinocle. Revolution for what? It is undoubtedly true that this Austrian did on divers occasions in the past vary the monotony of this peaceful existence by indulging in sundry wars called by his masters for his masters. Still, those were legal wars sanctioned by international usage and part of the political etiquette established by tradition.

WHO would expect that the Austrian workers would commit such a crime against capitalist etiquette as to do a little shooting on their own and under their own mental steam? The blame must be laid somewhere. So with amazing originality the correspondents with one voice said "Moscow." That seemed to settle it, the how a handful of Communists could send hundreds of thousands to the barricades and on a general strike still leaves the question of blame in the air.

LEST an attempt at satire, perhaps clumsy should add to the general confusion, the cause of the revolt is substantially as follows: The living conditions of the Austrian workers have been growing worse, despite the illusory heaven created for them by their social-democratic leaders. The possessing the power to govern the country in the interests of the producing classes the socialist leaders were content to have the workers do the work while the bourgeoisie determined under what conditions.

FASCISTS murdered workers with impunity and the latest example of government partiality for those murderers was the spark that set fire to the inflammable indignation of the masses. The socialist leaders, following the tactics of the German socialists after the defeat of the Kaiser's army stuck to the masses in order to betray them and butcher the militants. It is true that the Austrian leaders did not have to indulge in such wholesale slaughter as their German prototypes in 1919, but the capitalists will forgive them for this indiscretion. Even murder may be carried to the point where it turns into a boomerang.

WITH the assistance of the socialists, the Austrian government has succeeded in disorganizing the spontaneous revolt of the workers. The socialist machine which has been able to maintain a firm grip on the masses until now, has received the first serious shock since the revolution that overthrew the Hapsburgs. The workers have learned in the fires of revolt the lesson which the Communists have been trying to teach them for several years. It is, that the socialist leaders are allies of capitalism and are as much opposed to social revolution as the employers. This newly-gained knowledge should make it possible to lay the basis for a mass Communist Party in Austria without which a successful revolution is a utopian dream.

WHILE guns were barking in beautiful Vienna and the flames of the class struggle were shooting to heaven a comedy was being staged here in America between Count Laszlo Szechenyi, Hungarian minister to the United States and Archduke Leopold of Austria, a grand-nephew of the late emperor Francis Joseph. Leopold is doing odd jobs on Hollywood movie lots and like most actors try.

NICARAGUAN ARMY INTACT; MARINES SLEW VILLAGERS

Kellogg Sneers at Cry For Independence

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, July 19.—A new attempt by the forces of General Sandino to check the raids and depredation of the mixed force of U. S. marines and Diaz constabulary at Ocotal is under way, according to dispatches received here.

The latest news is that the defenders of Nicaragua have cut off and surrounded the marines in the town of Ocotal, and have shot down one of the marine airplanes which had been bombing groups of agricultural workers and sleeping villages through this vicinity under pretext of "preventing troops concentrations."

Soldiers Not Killed. It appears that the majority of the 300 Nicaraguans killed by the invaders in the battle day before yesterday were not armed liberals attacking the town, as the marine commander boasts, but merely sympathizers who cheered a small detachment of the Sandino Nicaraguan liberal or nationalist army when it was surprised by the marines and took position for defense. The liberal army deployed and formed a thin skirmish line, so was not severely cut up even by the bombs dropped from five American airplanes. But the airplane pilots soon shifted their aim, and took for target every dense group of non-combatants they saw, with fearful slaughter.

Anti-Imperialist Denounced. WASHINGTON, July 19.—The conference here of the All-American Anti-Imperialist League has issued a ringing denunciation of the slaughter in Nicaragua, and brands it "one of the most infamous exhibitions of imperialism and tyranny in all history." A resolution has also been introduced into the Pan-American Labor Congress now in session by delegate De la Selva, of the Nicaraguan Federation of Labor severely condemning the action of the marines in killing the inhabitants of Ocotal.

Vultures Hover. The preamble of the resolution referred to press reports of the conflict of Ocotal, how the field was left resembling "a huge graveyard" with vultures hovering over the scores of bodies.

"There does not exist a state of war between the United States and Nicaragua," the resolution set forth, "and there exists no dispute between the people of the United States and the people of Nicaragua."

Workers Slain. A substantial number of those killed by the Americans, De la Selva asserted, were "members in good standing" of the Nicaraguan Federation of Labor, who took up arms because of their inability to redress their wrongs through political means.

At the close of the session, Solomon de la Selva, of the Nicaraguan Federation of Labor, rose to his feet and in turbulent flow of Spanish, declared he had just received reports that 300

IS IT FREEDOM?

By Fred Ellis



Sacco and Vanzetti hunger strike while Governor Fuller conducts his inquiry in secrecy

The Defense Can Win Only

If the Party members and sympathizers rush their help. No other means will pull us through. Thus far our case has taken many months. It has dragged through the Magistrate's Court, the Court of Special Sessions, and now the Federal Court is handling it.

Perhaps you are giving way under the long strain. But the bosses and Dollar Patriots, and the Federal Government, are not tiring. On the contrary they are bringing new pressure to bear upon our paper, and new forces are being mobilized in order to destroy it. The bosses have just begun to fight.

But in spite of the strikes and many other demands which are being made upon us, in spite of the severe pressure which is being brought to bear upon the Party and the left wing, we will show that no matter how long the fight lasts, the ruling class will not succeed, in destroying our paper. Already the GUARD THE DAILY WORKER FUND Certificates have been placed into the hands of our loyal comrades and supporters. Everywhere they are being received eagerly. We are looking forward to the opportunity to publish in THE DAILY WORKER, the name of the first comrade, who sells a full book of certificates. Will you be the first?

CHIANG SEARCHES SHIP OF U. S. S. R.; MAKING ARRESTS

SHANGHAI, July 19.—Chinese military authorities under Chiang Kai-shek together with white Russians raided today the steamer Henley chartered by the Soviet Commercial Fleet Syndicate before she left for Vladivostok.

Seven Soviet Union citizens were taken from the steamer; among them were several who had worked for a long time with the Nationalist Army and advisers and were returning to the Soviet Union. Chinese passengers were also taken from the steamer, one of them a woman. All prisoners were immediately handcuffed. The Soviet citizens and Chinese were taken by a motor boat into the Chinese city.

Those in charge of the illegal search stated several times they were looking for Borodin. All day today, beginning in the early morning, rumors have been afloat here that Borodin was due to arrive.

The Soviet consulate has taken steps

Dorsha Will Star at Daily Worker Carnival

Florence Stern, the noted violinist and Dorsha, the well known rhythmic dancer, will be the chief stars at the DAILY WORKER Carnival and Fair, which will be held for one day only, on Sunday, July 24.

The fact that Saturday has been eliminated in order not to interfere with the Joint Defense Concert on Saturday night, has evoked expressions of marked appreciation.

Tickets for the carnival are now on sale at 108 East 14th St., and the Jimmie Higgins Book Shop, 106 University Place.

to release those who were arrested. The steamer is detained here.

New Rising in Canton.

CANTON, July 19.—The insurrectionary movement has arisen again in the Shaokwang district (Kwangtung). The Canton Military Command has dispatched troops with artillery to put down the uprising. The police have raided the students' boarding house attached to Sun Yat-sen University and have arrested many students.

People Hate Chiang.

SHANGHAI, July 19.—The China Weekly Review, discussing the possibility of a decisive struggle of Nanking against the Wuhan government says: "Chang Kai-shek may group and arrange for himself the Chinese Merchants and Bankers, and win the moral support of foreigners. However, his weakness consists in that he cannot count on the support of the peasants and workers who are organizing rapidly, and actually make up the larger part of the Chinese political organizations. As regards the

SUBWAY STRIKE LOOMS, DECLARE UNION LEADERS

"Unless the I. R. T. officials evidence a more conciliatory attitude a subway strike is possible within the next few days," declared T. J. Shea, vice president of the Amalgamated Association in an exclusive interview with a representative of THE DAILY WORKER.

"The I. R. T. officials have studiously avoided all effort on our part to negotiate a peaceable settlement. Apparently they are determined to subject the people of New York to the inconvenience of a traction strike."

Coercive Company Tactics.

Declaring that the I. R. T. officials have been using coercive tactics to get workers to sign the yellow-dog company contract, J. H. Coleman, organizer for the union declared, "Key-men in the various terminals who have refused to sign the contract are being called to 155 Broadway, the headquarters of the I. R. T. and threatened by company attorneys with discharge if they do not at once capitulate. These men have been told that only a few employees have refused to sign. Each man is advised that he is standing practically alone and that he cannot hope to gain anything by remaining loyal to the Amalgamated."

"Fortunately these men know that the company's claims are without foundation. With lawyers bullying them and threatening them with discharge, they know the true situation." Referring to the growing demand of

ADVISORY COMMISSION AUXILIARY FRAME-UP BODY; BULLY DEFENSE WITNESSES; TERRORIZE MRS. SACCO

No Attention Paid to Madeiros' Confession; Boston Aristocrats Bloodthirsty

Endowments for Harvard Balanced Against the Two Italian Workers' Lives

BOSTON, July 19.—Sacco and Vanzetti are doomed unless freed by mass protest. Either they will burn early in August in the electric chair at Charlestown State Prison, or they will be condemned to serve a worse fate—life imprisonment within the dark walls of the Charlestown prison.

Preferring death to the possibility of lingering torture of life imprisonment for a crime of which he is innocent, Vanzetti has started on a hunger strike which can end only in death, for Massachusetts is determined that there will be no justice either for him or Sacco.

Governor Fuller has made up his mind that the verdict ordered by the infamous Thayer shall stand. Defense witnesses are browbeaten when they appear before him; all the prejudice of New England's wealthiest automobile dealer, whose fortune is estimated at \$13,000,000, break forth when friends of the two condemned workers and independent witnesses try to tell him the truth. Mrs. Rose Sacco was among those put on the rack and beaten with a pitiless whip of three degree cross-examination.

William G. Thompson, chief of defense counsel, whose respectability and brilliance were supposed to have determined the case in favor of Sacco and Vanzetti when he entered it, has been brushed to one side by Fuller. All the careful work of years of patient investigation has practically been tossed in the waste basket. The entire Madeiros confession, pointing to the Morelli gang as the real criminals who killed a paymaster and his guard at South Braintree, seven years ago, has been dismissed altogether.

Boston Plutocrats. Boston, dominated by clerics and smug business men, is howling for an end to the investigation. "When in God's name are they going to execute those two wops," is their attitude. Rushing the two workers from Dedham to Charlestown prison, where they are to be electrocuted was hailed in the clubs of the wealthy as a real

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VIENNA WORKERS GRIM AS TRAITOR LEADERS SCHEME

Communists Call Upon Labor to Act

VIENNA, July 19.—The city is quiet, following the calling off of the general strike by the Socialists, after their surrender to the Seipel government. But the masses feel cheated, and may revolt again. The greatest precautions are being taken by Seipel and the Socialist mayor, Seitz, to prevent any demonstration on the day of the funeral of the 85 workers killed by police. Only the families of the victims and the Socialist officials will be there, according to present plans.

The cabinet and Mayor Seitz are still quarreling quietly over the question of the legality of the "municipal guards" created by Seitz to suppress the labor demonstrations. The government wants it done in future by the regular army.

Communist International Manifesto. MOSCOW, July 19.—A manifesto of the Communist International, pub-

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COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL HAILS UPRISING OF WORKERS IN VIENNA

MOSCOW, July 19.—The Executive Committee of the Communist International has issued the following manifesto on the Austrian situation:

TO THE WORKERS OF ALL COUNTRIES AND TO THE AUSTRIAN WORKERS:—Events of the greatest importance to the working class of the whole world are now taking place in central Europe. The workers of Vienna have risen and for four days already the proletariat of Vienna and whole of Austria has been carrying on heroic struggle.

The general strike, the revolutionary mass conflicts in Vienna affect the very heart of Europe. The workers of the world take this as a fighting signal and watch their Austrian brothers with enthusiasm and inspiration. They know that the working class of Austria, which suffered greatly during the war and under the capitalist regime of "sanitation" are fighting against the universal unbridled economic offensive of Austrian capital, the ally of other predatory imperialist powers.

Offensive Against Labor.

The Austrian bourgeoisie, at the behest of their imperialist guardians, want to destroy completely the eight-hour day and wipe away all social legislation for the workers. They want to make still worse the conditions of the working class, break up their organizations and adopt an open reactionary fascist policy. Increased misery and want, the political slavery and the strengthening of fascism menaced the whole working class of Austria. This fact gives revolutionary impetus to the struggle of the Austrian working class. It is this that they are fighting against.

Weakness of Stabilization.

The sudden outbreak of the revolutionary workers in Austria exposes the precariousness of capitalist "stabilization" throughout Europe.

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COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL HAILS UPRISING OF WORKERS IN VIENNA

(Continued from Page One) revolutionary social-democrats, the pride of the second (socialist) international, becomes revealed. For several years these "left" social-democrats have restrained the proletariat of Austria from any sort of serious action against their enemies and despoilers, from any real struggle against reaction. For years these people pursued a policy of close collaboration with the bourgeoisie and it was only to screen this disgraceful policy that they resorted to "left" phrases, with the help of which they held the workers within their ranks.

Parliamentary Illusions. The social-democrats pacified the workers of Austria by maintaining that fifty-one per cent of the votes will suffice to secure peaceful realization of "socialism." They now have forty-five per cent of the electorate of the country and a considerable majority in Vienna. They are supposed to have transformed Vienna into a socialist island in a capitalist ocean through their municipal policy.

Whether has that led? The social-democrats have forty-five per cent of the votes, but the fascists can kill workers and trample their most elementary right under their feet with impunity.

Beat Down Workers' Conditions. The social-democrats have Vienna municipality in their hands but the police employ hundreds of machine-guns in shooting down workers in the streets of Vienna. The social-democrats have made Austria a "model democratic country," but in this very country the white terror menacingly raises its head. The social-democratic party even created an army of its own which is let loose against the workers, they surrendered ammunition from arsenal to bourgeoisie and now fascist and reactionary police use it to murder workers in the streets.

But the reformist policy of the social-democrats could not restrain workers from action. The masses began to act in spite of the social-democrats and when the time came for the actual struggle they acted in a revolutionary manner, against the will of the leadership of the social-democracy. And now, when the masses are actually fighting in a revolutionary manner for life or death the Austrian social-democrats are concerned only with one thing—to stifle the struggle as soon as possible.

Austro-Marxism Exposes Itself. Brought face to face with historical tasks the "left revolutionary" leaders of the Austrian social-democracy show they are no different than Noske and Schiedemann. The formation of a

special Vienna "municipal police force," consisting of members of the social-democratic "republican Schutz-bund" which together with state police "restores order" in struggle against Viennese workers' throws glaring light upon the despicable role of the Austrian social-democrats and shows whither the "left" path of Otto Bauer & Co. leads. The bankruptcy and treachery of the Austro-Marxism must be exposed and most decisively condemned in the eyes of the workers of all the world.

Fight Social-Democratic Leaders.

Comrades! Workers! Expose the betrayal of the Austrian social-democrats! Refuse to follow their compromising, treacherous instructions. Put an end to the parliamentary intrigue and bargaining of the social-democratic leaders who dream of coalition government. Do not stop the strike and continue the struggle until you attain your goal. Anyone who surrenders or shows weakness at the time of the decisive struggle of the working class against the fascist bourgeoisie is doomed. The general strike must be continued until the Seipel government is overthrown.

Fight for the arming of the workers and disarming the fascist organizations and police. Fight for the formation of Workers' Soviets in Vienna and the whole country for mobilization of the masses and as organs of leadership in the struggle. Fight for the establishment of a workers' and peasants' government. Stop the fascist campaign against the Communist Hundreds of workers, most of them Communists, have been arrested. The headquarters of the Communist Party and the Young Communist League of Austria have been closed down. The whole class struggle is pictured as a "Moscow affair."

This happens in a country where the social-democracy has hundreds of thousands of members, a country which is pictured as a social-democratic "paradise."

Yes, the Communists did stand and they stand today in the front ranks of the struggle. They fought together with the masses, not against them as did the social-democrats. The working masses are now fighting for the revolutionary battle-cries of the Communist Party, not for the bankrupt reformist policy of the social-democrats.

The Communist Party of Austria has fulfilled, is fulfilling today and will in the future fulfill its revolutionary duty. Hence the hatred of Communists by the social-democrats and the bourgeois government. Hence, also the international and Austrian



RESCUED CREW HERE.

Saved from death in crash that sent the freighter Sagaland to the bottom of the sea near Nantucket, Capt. A. Pederson and Sagaland crew arrived yesterday on the Veendam. One of their shipmates is missing and is believed drowned.

Exploited Wright Men Who Built Motor for Lindbergh Get Visit

PATERSON, N. J., July 19.—The low paid and exploited workers of the Wright Aeronautical Corporation, that built the motor of the "Spirit of St. Louis," used in the plane that carried Charles A. Lindbergh to Paris, were paid an unexpected visit by the trans-Atlantic flier today.

Lindbergh delivered a speech to 2,000 workers and thanked them for helping him make his flight possible.

proletariat must show their full solidarity with the Communist Party of Austria, and hence Austrian workers must follow his leadership.

Intrigue of Seipel Regime.

The reactionary Seipel government, which is but an instrument in the hands of the imperialist powers is ready to fight against the workers to the end. Not content with the bloodshed that has already occurred it calls up new forces from the rural districts, declares martial law, threatens the intervention of foreign troops. This reactionary government must be overthrown!

The forces sent against the workers must join them with arms in their hands. Not a single foreign soldier should enter Austrian territory to crush Austrian workers.

Fearful of their moneybags the "national" bourgeoisie wants to sacrifice country to monarchist Hungary, fascist Italy, Czechoslovakia and the imperialists and drown it in the blood of the working class. This must not be!

Workers of the countries bordering Austria are duty bound to fight with all means at their disposal against interventionist plans of their governments. The workers of Germany, Czechoslovakia and other countries must give all possible support to the Austrian working class in its revolutionary struggle. By doing so they will at the same time fight for their own vital interests because the defeat of the Austrian workers will lead to an attack on the workers of other countries and the transformation of Austria into an obedient instrument of imperialist cliques which are now preparing military offensive against the Soviet Union.

Must Carry Out Revolution.

The Communist International sends its warm revolutionary, militant greetings to the workers of Vienna and of Austria. Let the workers of Vienna and of Austria know that in this moment of trial the workers of all countries are with them. The struggle will continue no matter how the social-democratic leaders try to choke Austrian uprising.

The July storm which broke out in Austria opened up a new path to the Austrian workers. Great revolutionary tempests are ahead. Barriers in the streets show how capable the working class is, how it will fight for its interests in the cause of the proletarian revolution.

Workers, tolling peasants, young workers, soldiers, rally to the battle for the victory of the revolution! Rally to the assistance of the Viennese workers and the Austrian proletariat! Down with the social-democratic traitors!

Long live merciless struggle against fascism and reaction! Long live the armed proletariat! Long live Workers' Soviets in Austria!

Down with the Seipel government! Long live the victory of Red Vienna and the victory of the Austrian working class!

Sentence For Fraud. Mrs. Margaret Donnelly, 52, of 1304 Grand Concourse, the Bronx, who is said to have obtained thousands of dollars by means of bogus checks passed on department store and to have collected large sums of money for imaginary charities in New York City and Westchester County, yesterday was under sentence of from six months to three years in the penitentiary.

Have Paid Your Contribution to the Ruthenberg Sustaining Fund?

Nicaragua Army Intact Marines Kill Villagers

(Continued from Page One) of his fellow-countrymen had been shot down by American marines.

Will Fight to Death. "I declare, in behalf of the Nicaraguan Federation of Labor," he cried, "that if the United States marines are not withdrawn, they will have to destroy the entire Nicaraguan people. We prefer death to slavery. We will not submit to imperialism. Rather we will die fighting American marines than become slaves in our own country."

Later De la Selva told Federated Press that the Nicaraguan federation does not recognize the "peace" dictated by Henry L. Stimson, Coolidge's private envoy. "The liberals and conservatives made that peace," he declared, "not the laboring people. We are not concerned in the quarrels of those two political parties and certainly are not bound by their private agreements."

General Moncado, who signed the peace with Stimson, has broken with Juan Sacasa, the constitutional liberal president, according to De la Selva. The masses of the people however are still as fiercely opposed to Yankee aggression as ever. Given leadership, they will fight until either liberty or death is won.

"General Sandino," the brilliant young Nicaraguan added, "is no bandit chief, as reported in the papers. He is a patriot, surrounded by hundreds of my country's best men. They will not lay down their arms! They represent the best elements in Nicaragua."

De la Selva appealed to the Pan-American Congress to demand the withdrawal of American marines.

Green Favors Intervention. President William Green of the A. F. of L. in a letter to Secretary of State Kellogg, although not asking the withdrawal of American forces, urges him to "prevent the use of armed force in Nicaragua." "The exercise of force, which would result in the loss of human life," he wrote, "would not create great resentment against the government among the people of Latin-American republics and cause feelings of profound regret in the minds of many people residing within our own land."

Kellogg Sneers at Nicaraguans. WASHINGTON, July 19.—Secretary of State Kellogg replied to the letter of President Green of the A. F. of L. with a terse letter, brutally insulting to the Nicaraguan nationalists who do not wish to be conquered and ruled by the U. S.

"General Sandino," said Kellogg, "is a bandit and his followers are common outlaws." Kellogg intimated that the American forces in Nicaragua would continue to regard all independence movements as banditry.

A Big Killing. It is pointed out here that 300 men killed is a considerable slaughter, not that many men fell during the invasion of Mexico by "Black Jack" Pershing some years ago.

That section of congress which has all along opposed the conquest of Nicaragua by the U. S. and those who find that such incidents as that at Ocotal shock their consciences are expected to severely criticize the administration. Administration strength is weaker in the coming session, and most of the newly elected congressmen are opposed to such a crude form of imperialism as that of the U. S. in Latin-America at present.

Two liberal organizations have protested to President Coolidge against further American occupation of Nicaragua.

The Women's International League in a telegram petitioned President Coolidge to "forbid any repetition of hostilities, especially the bombing of undefended towns, endangering the lives of non-combatants and children."

The People's Reconstruction League requests recall of marines from Nicaragua, China, "and other places where they are illegally conquering or threatening peoples to entrench American exploiters, in order to make possible some degree of success in disarmament."

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 19.—A man found wandering in an apparent state of amnesia here last night, identified himself as Roy Knight, 32, a salesman of Brooklyn.

Indians Flatter Cal With Name of "Leading Eagle"

RAPID CITY, S. D., July 19.—The political publicity managers of Cal Coolidge who have been encouraging his clownish buffoonery have at last hit upon a name for the Indians to give him. He is to be called "Leading Eagle," by virtue of his initiation into the tribe of the Sioux.

As Pocahontas conferred certain Indian blessings upon Captain John Smith in the early days of the Virginia settlement, so Coolidge is to have his Indian maiden named "Leading Eagle," daughter of "Chief Chaucer Yellowrobe." The ceremony is supposed to be followed by smoking the pipe of peace and an Indian dance to the accompaniment of tom-tom music.

Chiang Searches Ship of Soviet Union

(Continued from Page One) workers' own viewpoint they as yet know nothing about the cruel tactics employed to suppress the labor movement by the Nanking military authorities here.

General Yang Fu, Shanghai defense commissioner, has raided a number of labor organizations and arrested forty persons, eight of whom were taken from the foreign concession with the assistance of the municipal police.

(By Nationalist News Agency). SHANGHAI, July 19.—J. B. Powell, publisher of the China Weekly Review, in an editorial declares that the Chinese strike against taxation without representation has forced the municipal council to appoint a committee to investigate the matter of reducing municipal expenditures. He refers to municipal extravagance and inefficiency caused by the British clique in maintaining the settlement to "provide a host of Englishmen and Scotsmen with nice fat jobs whereas merchants have to scrape and save in order to pay expenses."

"Many United States governors would look with envy on the salary paid to heads of departments whose principal qualifications have been being good propagandists to maintain and extend foreign jurisdiction."

The cost of running this municipality is out of proportion to the benefits which the general public, foreign business men included, receive. At least half the foreign employees of the settlement could be dispensed with without detriment to the service."

"White" Russian Gunmen. Powell further points out that money is wasted by employing "White" Russians wholesale as a sort of standing army.

The investigating committee includes only Englishmen and the Britishized American, Stirling Fessenden, who is the chairman of the Municipal Council. Therefore Powell has little hope that much good will come out of the committee, for the English are unlikely to urge a reduction of their fellow Brits' salaries. If they did they would likely be called "Bolsheviks."

Japan Steals Railroad. Under the heading, Japanese Grab Shantung Railway, Powell points out that the Japanese troops have not only taken over the railway from Tsingtao to Tsinan, but have brought along a complete staff of railway operators, including engineers, telegraphers, station-agents, etc., indicating a long continued occupation. He declares that Japan aims to prevent the Nationalists from getting to Chihli where they would menace Chang Tsai-lin, the "Manchurian bandit" puppet who has protected Japanese interests in that area for so many years."

Deak and Hapgood, Strike Leaders, at Chautauqua of Labor

By ART SHIELDS

PASSAIC, N. J., July 19. (FP).—The Passaic Labor Chautauqua brought quick returns. More than 500 workers, inspired by the 7-day series of meetings, have applied for membership in the trade unions, says Paul W. Fuller, who conducts the affair. Robert Barclay, president, and George Walsh, secretary of the Passaic Trades and Labor Council, were enthusiastic at the results of this new method of education and organization.

Both the Paterson and Newark central labor bodies are bidding for the next chautauqua. Backed by the officers of the New Jersey Federation of Labor, Fuller expects to stage two weeks more of frolicking entertainment and organization campaigning in the north end of this manufacturing state.

Rain Interferes.

Only a thunder storm prevented the biggest workers' gathering since the strike at the Sunday afternoon session, the seventh day. Six thousand assembled at First Ward Park till sheeted rain and lightning broke up the meet. A thousand of the braver spirits, however, collected at the Public High School auditorium where the regular sessions were held.

It was a gay week for the Passaic workers. As the days went on the fun became faster at the chautauqua sessions. Clara Johnson, Fuller's assistant, in charge of entertainment, found new and gayer talents coming forward day by day. Textile union choruses, hosiery union dancers, and brilliant labor singers from New York, led by James Phillips, a radio star, jazzed up the nights to the joy of the workers and their children.

Spencer Miller, Jr., national executive secretary of the Workers Education Bureau, spoke at the opening and closing sessions. Thomas F. McMahon, president and Sara Conboy, secretary of the United Textile Workers of America, spoke, urging the still unorganized workers to line up with their union brothers. Dr. Jesse Holmes, professor of philosophy at Swarthmore College and Theresa Wolfson, labor author, were among the dozen speakers who took the platform at the closing sessions.

The 1926 strike came to the foreground with the appearance of Gustav Deak, president of the Botany local of the U. T. W. and one of the most popular leaders of the late struggle. But though Deak personifies the spirit of the strike his talk was on education and organization and he pledged the support of the Passaic textile workers to the work of the Workers Education Bureau.

Passaic, Powers Hapgood, striking coal miner, drew cheers as he told of the gallant struggle of 170,000 bituminous coal diggers.

The bright week is over and 16,000 textile workers, most of them unemployed, face a difficult month till the busy season opens. But their union, still a minority movement, has been braced for the task before it.

Govt. to Probe Ticket Scalping for Big Bout

The government evinced a keen interest today in the forthcoming Dempsey-Sharkey battle. On order of U. S. Attorney Tuttle, an investigation of the ticket sale for the fight was opened before U. S. Commissioner Cutler.

Tuttle is said to have been informed that choice ringside seats have fallen in the hands of scalpers who are disposing of them for premiums of \$10 to \$75 above the box office price. The informer said none of these tickets have been obtainable by the public through the box office.

To Explain Rail Tearing. The president of the Long Island Railroad, George Le Boutillier, is to appear today at the hearing of the Transit Commission on the proposed unification of rapid transit lines, to explain the action of the railroad in beginning the tearing up of the railroad track on the old Manhattan Beach line from Neck Road south to Sheepshead Bay.

I. L. D. Announces Four Sedition Cases Thrown Out of Court; One Held

PITTSBURGH, (FP) July 19.—Quashing of indictments against 8 defendants arrested in the "red raids" of May Day 1923, and indicted under the Pennsylvania sedition act has been announced by the International Labor Defense.

The defendants, held 4 years under \$5,000 to \$10,000 bail, were Max Jenkins, Tom Myerscough, Morris Pasternak, John Urban, A. Rostrom, George Katsiolis, A. Voytko, and J. Kovalsky.

In throwing out the case the court said that "the indictment does not contain any sufficient allegation to sustain a conviction under any of the courts." Yet Horacek, who went to trial was found guilty on two counts, though he is out on appeal.

Vienna Workers Grimly Watch Leaders Treason

(Continued from Page One)

lished here today, exposes the treacherous role of the leaders of the Austrian Social Democracy and points out the complete bankruptcy of "Austrian Marxism." The Comintern calls upon the Austrian proletariat to continue the general strike, overthrow Seipel's government, and demand the arming of the workers, disarming of the fascist organizations and police, the creation of Soviets throughout the country for mobilizing the masses and leading their struggles, and the creation of their workers and peasants government.

Pravda Denounces Socialists. The Moscow Pravda in a leading article published today points out that the Austrian socialists have for many years poisoned the Austrian proletariat with parliamentary illusions. Today, Pravda states, the workers can see for themselves how this renowned parliamentary democracy turns out to be for the workers the most ruthless and open dictatorship of the Bourgeoisie.

Communists Lead. In these days of the greatest revolutionary enthusiasm of the masses, says Pravda, and of the unprecedented betrayal of the workers by the socialists, the Austrian Communist Party is again and again acting as the only party of the revolutionary proletariat and as the latter's true revolutionary vanguard.

Emancipation from Austro-Marxian influence, declares Pravda, is actually a question of life and death for the Austrian proletariat. Only by going contrary to social democracy, by arming itself, by organizing soviets, and again, counter to the social democracy, putting up squarely the question of dictatorship can the proletariat win any actual rights.

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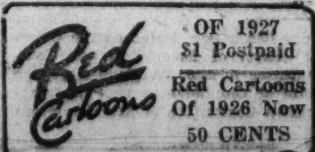
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BUFFALO WORKERS RESPOND TO THE CALL FOR "WAR AGAINST THE WAR!"

BUFFALO, N. Y., (By Mail).—Workers of Buffalo joined the "War Against the New War" campaign of the Workers (Communist Party) at a gathering addressed here by J. Louis Engdahl, editor of THE DAILY WORKER, who has just returned from the Soviet Union.

This was the sixth gathering of this kind that Engdahl has addressed recently, the others being held at Boston and Worcester, Mass.; at Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, in Pennsylvania, and Cleveland, Ohio.

"One of the big dangers in the face of 'The New War Danger' is that the American working class may fall itself into inactivity in the belief that there is no war danger," said Engdahl. "This is the worst kind of a delusion."

Engdahl pointed out that war is actually being carried on at the present time against Nicaragua and China,

but this is only preliminary to the new war that is being developed against the Soviet Union, the open hostilities of which were actually inaugurated with the assassination of Peter L. Volkov, the Soviet Ambassador to Poland, who was shot down on the platform of the railroad station at Warsaw.

Engdahl pointed out that while a host of British spies and provocative agents were operating against the Soviet Union, the international bankers of Wall Street were busy in their way making loans to the fascist borders states along the western frontier of the Workers' Republic. He cited the financial aid recently given the Pilsudski reaction in Poland, the catalyst of the world reaction, James Campbell, member of the Workers' Union, and delegate to the Buffalo Central Labor Council, acted as chairman.

THE DRUJELOVSKY CASE

MOSCOW, July 5 (By Mail).—On the 8th of July, the Military Division of the Supreme Court, in Moscow, there began the hearing of the case of Drujelovsky, the notorious forger, against whom was preferred the charge that while in the service of the Second Section of the Polish General Staff he was engaged in espionage against USSR and that he had been commissioned by secret intelligence service of foreign states to compose for them false forged documents allegedly belonging to the Soviet government and Comintern and liable to cause the rupture of treaties and diplomatic relations entered into with USSR.

Having deserted from the Red Army in 1919, Drujelovsky illegally crossed the frontier into Finland and from there was sent into Yudenitch's army. After the latter had been finally defeated, Drujelovsky entered the service of the Second Section of the Polish General Staff and executed various secret tasks imposed by the latter. At the end of 1923, Drujelovsky settled in Berlin, where he soon organized a "fabric" of forged documents which he was asked to supply not only to agents of various intelligence services but even to ambassadors and envoys. Thus, the Bulgarian minister at Berlin, Popoff, many times addressed himself to Drujelovsky with various orders. One of these orders was the "Comintern's letter of instructions" which, for all its patently gross forgery figured as one of the genuine "documents" in the judging of the case of the blowing up of the cathedral at Sophia. The same documents were presented as genuine to the Council of Ambassadors in Paris and thanks to this the Bulgarian government obtained permission to increase its armed forces.

In the middle of 1925, a Rettinger, an agent of the Polish intelligence service at Berlin, proposed to Drujelovsky that he should compose a forged document as to the railway catastrophe in the Danzig corridor having been caused by German communists. This document Drujelovsky could not prepare in time as he was arrested by the Berlin police. He was released at the request of the Bulgarian minister Popoff, but was soon re-arrested and kept in jail until November, 1925, when he was released and told to leave Prussia, end of June, 1926, Drujelovsky illegally crossed the Soviet frontier and was arrested by the State Political Department.

Drujelovsky confessed his guilt in all the accusations against him, outpointing however that in the composition of forged documents he was only a technical executor while the real authors of the forged documents were the governments which were conducting and organized anti-Soviet campaign.

Finance Minister In Spanish Cabinet Resigns His Post

MADRID, July 19.—Jose Calvo Sotelo, minister of finance in the fascist cabinet of Primo De Rivera, resigned office today, because of the stringent financial condition of the government which is facing a crisis. Taxes have enormously increased under the bloody and extravagant regime of the bandits and the small bourgeois are complaining about their lot as victims of the rapacity of the government. Repressive measures have been taken against lodges and other middle-class societies. The radical workers are endeavoring to capitalize the discontent of large sections of the population for a movement against the dictator.

So dangerous is the situation that the official announcement of the resignation has been held up until a successor has been appointed.

Lauch Bronx Ferris. Fitting ceremonies marked the launching today of two new ferryboats which will be used to connect the Bronx with Harts Island, North Brothers Island and Riker's Island. About two hundred city officials and prominent citizens of upper Manhattan and the Bronx were gathered at the foot of Twenty-third street, Brooklyn, to watch Mrs. Alfred E. Smith, wife of the Governor, christen the "Greenwich Village," and Mrs. Joseph V. McKee, wife of the President of the Board of Aldermen, christen the "Mott Haven."

Relief From Heat. Relief from the heat came yesterday, but it is only temporary, according to the weather bureau, which predicted rising temperatures today. Seven more deaths occurred before the mercury took a drop, increasing the toll for the week to 85.

VIENNA TROOPS REFUSING TO FIRE REPLACED



Austrian troops in the Vienna garrison, which refused to fire on the angry masses who attacked police and the palace of justice, have been replaced by troops from outlying garrisons. The above photo shows the Austrian President, Dr. Michael Hainisch, with the Minister of War, Herr Vaugoin, inspecting Vienna troops.

Three Million Roubles of Orders Given to France; Once Meant for England

LENINGRAD, (BY MAIL).—July 4.—The Leningrad industry transferred to France a series of orders for a sum of three million roubles which it was intended to place in England. Orders have been placed with French firms for electro-technical equipment, red metals, instruments etc. French firms are granting the Soviet organizations the necessary credits.

Advisory Commission Frames Sacco, Vanzetti

(Continued from Page One) forerunner of the governor's ultimate decision and was greeted by little short of cheers.

Commission Against Defendants. The advisory commission is dead set against Sacco and Vanzetti. Grant, the two by four politician-author, was convinced from the start that the "investigation" was unnecessary. His mind was made up before the first witness had been heard. And Stratton and Lowell, both university heads with heavy endowments to raise, have to think of where the money would come from if they decided in favor of justice for two "reds." Already Harvard has lost money, it is reported, because members of the law faculty have been unduly favorable toward mere justice.

When his decision is made public condemning Sacco and Vanzetti either to burn or rot, Fuller will of course have a smug little statement ready for the press. With all its polite phraseology, it had might as well read: "Turn on the juice, boys, while we sing the Star Spangled Banner."

BOSTON, July 19. (INS).—The hunger strike of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti, convicted of murder and sentenced to die in the electric chair the week of August 10, did not have any effect upon the investigations of their cases by Governor Alvan T. Fuller and the special advisory committee, appointed by the chief executive.

As usual the conferences were behind closed doors and the witnesses declined to comment upon their discussions.

Hunger Strike Against Secrecy. (By Federated Press).

BOSTON, July 19. (FP).—Sacco and Vanzetti are starving themselves to cheat the electric chair. The two Italian workers believe their doom is sealed.

They are protesting against the secrecy with which Governor Alvan T. Fuller is surrounding his inquiries into their case. They protest his denying them a chance to refute false witnesses. Not even their counsel is permitted to challenge the untruths told to the governor in secret hearings. Defense attorney William G. Thompson is not given the names of witnesses appearing before Fuller nor has he been invited to argue his case.

Hostile to Defense. Defense witnesses before Fuller and his advisors have been received with little-concealed hostility. Mrs. L. E. Rantoul, grand-daughter of James Russell Lowell found Fuller apparently accepting the discredited state's witnesses. He threw the prosecution's arguments to her—those based on testimony of Lola Andrews, who repudiated her testimony, denied her repudiation later, and repeated repudiation and denial of it again.

Ignore Editor of "Life." Robert Benchley, dramatic editor of Life, was challenged by Fuller to show where in the record the trial was unfair. Benchley thought he had been called because of his affidavit on Judge Webster Thayer's prejudice against Sacco and Vanzetti. But he was not asked about that.

Fuller scornfully told 21-year-old Beltrando Brini, Boston University student, "your parents taught you the story." Brini was the 14-year-old Plymouth boy who assisted Vanzetti sell the Christmas Eve of the Bridgewater crime for which Vanzetti got 12-15 years.

The electric chair for a crime which they insist they did not commit? No, say Sacco and Vanzetti. "We will starve to death first."

AUSTRIA'S CLERICAL CHANCELLOR



Monsignor Seipel, who holds his title from the Pope, and is a priest. He is also chancellor of Austria, head of the cabinet, and entrusted by the victorious governments in the world war, who really rule Austria, with the task of suppressing its workers.

Current Events By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

(Continued from Page One) ing to work from the bottom up he is hard put for cash. This situation is particularly embarrassing for a fellow like Leopold who was used to a high standard of living before his friends hopped on the wrong bandwagon in a world war.

THE archduke not being able to hold his own with plebeian artists in Hollywood decided to make a touch. He wired the Hungarian minister at Washington, with the request that the latter assist him in getting a loan from Hungarian friends in New York. The minister replied that he did not want to turn the embassy into a residential station for funds for the aristocratic dead beat. This angered the archduke very much who retorted that the count was only a lackey in his family before the revolution. He might have added that this former lackey had sense enough to marry one of the Vanderbilt girls which makes it possible for him to be a minister and entertain without having to perform menial tasks in a studio.

ON receipt of the minister's telegram the archduke grew as violent as a hungry aristocrat could grow under the circumstances. It is bad enough to be refused a loan or hampered in its pursuit by anybody, but to be treated with contumely by a former butler in your family is positively unbearable. What would you expect for funds for the aristocrat to do? Let the archduke speak for himself:

"I received today your offending telegram. It is difficult for me to answer it because you were before the war only a lackey of my family. But I will say that a duel can be arranged and I slap in your face my fighting glove." Thus spaketh the archduke. But his troubles are not nearly over. The poor fellow cannot very well fight a duel in the United States since the practise is almost as hazardous here as publishing an intelligent novel. And he has no money with which to pay his passage to Europe.

WE respectfully suggest to the Hungarian minister in Washington that it would be a decent thing for him to pay the Archduke's passage with some of the Vanderbilt money. How the devil can an archduke fight if he does not want to fight in an alley or go to Cicero, Illinois? But even a brave archduke does not care to fight when the chances are all against him. So we move that a collection be taken up to provide him with his fare to Europe.

ANOTHER glorious victory can be chalked up to the credit of our gallant marines. One of the nastiest slaughtering jobs ever pulled off outside of Chicago stockyards was the butchering of two or three hundred Nicaraguans by American marines and aviators with only one man killed on the American side. This is cause for national congratulation. Why not bring back the body of the dead marine and bury him alongside the unknown soldier? Surely Nicaragua must be punished for such an insult. The idea of a group of "outlaws"—that's what our Mr. Kellogg called them—daring to insist on the right to live in their own country! Such impertinence must be punished. What of it if one of our reasons for going to war with Germany was to defend the right of self-determination for small nations?

WHEN the king of England goes to Scotland to shoot grouse he is driven in a wheel chair to the hunting grounds and the fat lazy, birds are prodded into a semblance of activity. Between cocktails and highballs his majesty takes shots at the birds. Outside of the casualties among the Scotch—chiefly of the highball clan—the dead are all fowl. The king is not taking any chances but compared to the cowardly conduct of the American marines in butchering almost unarmed Nicaraguans the king's diversion equals in bravery and disregard for personal safety the action of the famous yokel from Tennessee, captain Alvin York, who single-handed captured a German battery and put a regiment to the sword.

Chinese Workers and Peasants Beg Aid to Stay Toll of Famine

When in 1921 the Russian proletariat called upon the workers of the world to stand by, the International Workers' Relief issued a call for aid, that resulted in over a million dollars being raised in support of the famine stricken revolutionary workers and peasants of the Soviet Union.

In every country of the globe the workers formed relief organizations in defiance of capitalism and supported the Russian revolutionary army—workers and peasants—and today ten years after the revolution that country stands as a bulwark for the protection of the entire working class the world over.

Unfetter China. Imperialism is again preparing to send the four horsemen over the land. China is the center of attraction—through China the blood sucking vultures of capitalism and imperialism hope to reach at the heart of Soviet Russia where a decade ago the chains of slavery were broken and the death sentence of capitalism pronounced. China today faces the alternative, either to be a free race of Chinese people, governing their own land, or remain miserable slaves of capitalist exploitation. China is fighting, millions of workers and peasants have taken up arms. Their cry is down with capitalism and imperialism, away with exploitation—China for the Chinese—Long live the Workers' and Peasants' Government—Equality of opportunities and justice.

Weapon of Starvation. Starvation is a favored weapon of capitalism, the revolutionary army of China is bleeding and hungry. The international working class and every friend of working class emancipation must rally to the support of the revolutionary army of China, even as they did in 1921 when capitalism was defeated in its war of starvation against Soviet Russia. The revolutionary workers, peasants, and army of China depend upon the workers and lovers of freedom of all countries to supply them with the means that will stop the bleeding of their wounds and the hunger of the children, women and fighters of the revolution. Long live the workers' and peasants' dictatorship, over that of capitalism.

The International Workers' Aid, "the only working class organization in America," calls upon all who believe in the cause for which the Chinese workers and peasants are fighting to immediately send every dollar they can possibly spare to the I. W. A. national headquarters, 1553 W. Madison St., Chicago, from where it will be forwarded through the Central Committee of the W. I. K. to Mrs. Dr. Sun Yat Sen in charge of the relief work of the revolutionary army in China.

BE LIBERAL, SEND YOUR DONATION TODAY!

Mussolini Gloats Over Liberties of Italians Buried Under Fascism

ROME, July 19.—Mussolini, in his preface to the resolutions of the Grand Council of Fascism, now collected in book form, terms it the "book of our faith" and calls upon every fascist to use it as the "infallible compass of their every activity."

The collected resolutions cover a period of four years, from the first sitting of the Grand Council in January, 1923, to April 1927, and purport to show the gradual evolution of the fascist doctrine and the building up of the fascist state.

Mussolini's preface is full of paranoia about the "glorious edifice of fascism" built upon the ashes of the old liberal democratic regime. He rightly attributes the capture of power by the fascist party to the organization of the fascist militia, which murdered and harried the workers and burned and pillaged their homes, newspapers and social clubs, and forced them into the fascist unions at the point of the bayonet. The fascist militia, he says, literally signed the death warrant of the old liberal democratic form of government, "which fascism has buried forever."

He boasts that "the twentieth century in Italy will be known by only one name—Fascism," but neglects to add that this name will stand for a bloody terror and repression that has never been surpassed in history since the days of Nero, and that it will be remembered with hate and execration long after the puny Duce will have been swept into the limbo of oblivion by the onward march of the Italian workers toward economic freedom and liberty.

Arrested Under Boozie Act. A number of Westchester residents were being held today for further hearing July 21st on charges of violating the Volstead act. All were arraigned late yesterday before United States Commissioner Garrett Cotter in the Federal Court.

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Smash the Massachusetts Death Plot!

Every day it becomes clearer that the state of Massachusetts has no intention of granting Sacco and Vanzetti a new trial or of freeing them.

They will go to their fiery deaths in the electric chair on August 10 or to a living death in a Massachusetts prison cell until life leaves their tortured bodies.

The "investigation" authorized by Governor Fuller is a dance of death.

It is the sole concession made to the millions thruout the world who know that Sacco and Vanzetti are being sacrificed to satisfy the blood-lust of a brutal ruling class. The "investigation" is a ghastly farce and the Back Bay clubmen loll and laugh as Sacco and Vanzetti stare at the blank walls of the death-cell and count the hours left to them.

Authentic information as to the attitude of Governor Fuller and his advisory commission has been obtained and there is no mercy in their hearts for Sacco and Vanzetti. They are making a gesture to save the "fair name of Massachusetts justice" but their purpose is deadly.

The sole purpose of the "investigation" was to arouse false hope and still all protest. It has succeeded in a large measure. It is still easy in America to deceive the masses.

But everyone has not been fooled. There are workers who know that only mass protest, rising ever higher, is the only guarantee that Sacco and Vanzetti will not be murdered, that they will be freed.

From now until Sacco and Vanzetti are out of prison, in the ranks of their comrades, there must be no let-up in the mass demand that the Massachusetts conspiracy against two innocent workers end. Its long-drawn out torture of two workingmen must cease.

Sacco and Vanzetti must be freed.

Unity of all forces in the struggle, tireless exposure of the frame-up, unending protest whose din will give the Massachusetts authorities no rest, uncompromising loyalty to the struggle of the working class which they symbolize—these are the means at hand and they must be utilized to the utmost.

With the Pollyannas who were so elated by the appointment of the "investigation" commission that they abandoned the fight for freeing Sacco and Vanzetti, there must be no further compromise. If Sacco and Vanzetti go to the electric chair or are imprisoned for life these elements must take the blame. Never has it been more apparent than now that Massachusetts justice is class justice, that Governor Fuller represents the capitalist class and that the Sacco and Vanzetti case is a class case.

Likewise, those workers and representatives of workers who fail to do their utmost to arouse the working class to the fact that not only Sacco and Vanzetti but the whole working class movement of America is on trial, have strengthened the hands of the executioners.

Let there be no more parleying and diplomacy.

Two innocent workers await death in Massachusetts—a quick death in the electric chair or a lingering death in prison. If this murder is committed, the working class in the years to come will pay in blood and tears for their weakness.

Sacco and Vanzetti must be freed!

Imperialist Murders in Nicaragua and the Role of American "Labor Leaders."

Work has begun on the American canal across Nicaragua. American imperialism has murdered more than 300 Nicaraguans and the American working class can see clearly now the bloodthirstiness with which Wall Street carries out its plans for the subjugation of Latin America.

Likewise, Latin American workers and peasants will now know how to appraise the recent trip of the "good will" flyers and the protestations of friendliness for Latin America made by Coolidge and Kellogg.

Cold blooded butchery is the only phrase which in any way characterizes the slaughter of these Nicaraguans. Swooped upon by airplanes against which no defense was possible, bombed and raked with machine-gun fire from above, the poorly armed Nicaraguan soldiery were slaughtered like sheep.

Another great victory for American arms has been recorded. We quote from an Associated Press dispatch:

"Major G. D. Hatfield, commander of the marines at Ocotal, and his fellow-officers today were receiving congratulations from the Nicaraguan government on the bravery shown by the American forces in the face of such great odds."

Needless to say this "Nicaraguan government" is the creature of Wall Street-Coolidge-Kellogg government and its sole support in the country consists of American armed forces.

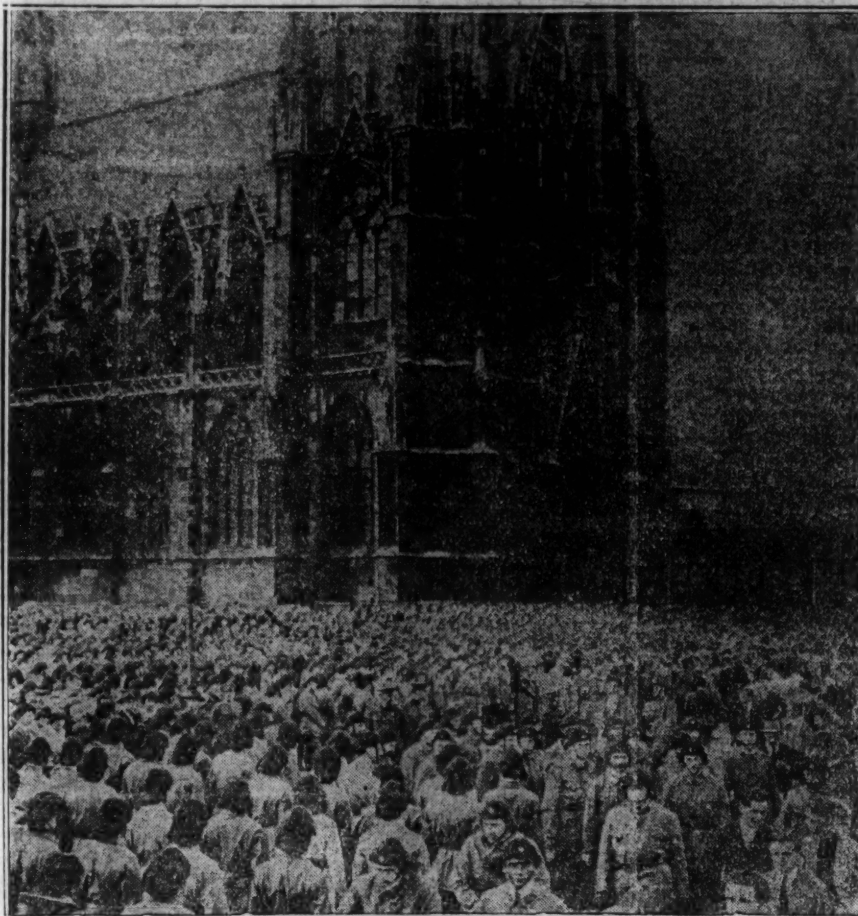
The blood of 300 Nicaraguan workers and peasants has moistened the soil for American steam-shovels, the canal has been most appropriately christened and Wall Street again has brought enlightenment to a "backward" people by means of bombs and bullets.

In such a situation, with the murderous purposes of American imperialism plainly apparent, with the Pan-American Federation of Labor in session in Washington, headed by William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, another opportunity is given the leadership of the American labor movement to take the lead in a ringing denunciation of this latest bloody act. But they act their usual traitor role.

What happens?

A protest resolution comes from a Nicaraguan delegate, President Green refuses to allow action on it and states calmly that the matter must come up later in the regular course of business. The regular course of American imperialism's business must not be interfered with even if this means that 300 Nicaraguans have been murdered and 100 more lie bleeding under a scorching sun while vultures devour the mangled bodies of their comrades. Furthermore, President Borno, the puppet of the national

VIENNA CROWDS ON THE VERGE OF REVOLUTION



Just before the shooting started. Great crowds marching past the Votivkirche, Vienna.

South Is Challenge to Organized Labor

By HARVEY O'CONNOR.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—(FP)—America's trade unionists had better look sharply to the south if they do not want a regime of open shop paternalism hitherto unequalled in labor history to spread northward, engulfing unionism as it goes. Even if the Dixie type of industrial feudalism does not spread, it is becoming each year a greater menace to the maintenance of union standards in organized northern industries.

New England's 400,000 textile workers can speak eloquently of what the south's "new era" of low paid industrial labor means in northern mills. The coal miners, who find the very existence of their union jeopardized by non-union West Virginia, now becoming the dominant fuel state, can give further testimony.

Pittsburgh's iron and steel workers, forced to compete against Birmingham, know what it means to have a

low wage, low standard producing center less than 500 miles away.

Confident Tryouts.

Under a crass and arrogant employing class, confident in the docility of their laborers, southern industry is striding forward in seven league boots. Last year her manufactures exceeded in value the entire nation's in 1900; one third of the country's post war increase in factory and mill production came from south of the Mason and Dixie line. Drawing added power from the Appalachian mountain streams, she boasts 50 per cent of all newly developed hydroelectric energy. With more than 1,000 cotton mills, the south has 57 per cent of the country's active spindles and processes in her own mills two thirds of all the cotton she produces.

More Mills.
A billion dollars is invested in southern cotton mills and another billion represents their yearly output.

city in Haiti, has jailed the entire Haitian delegation, and newspapermen accompanying it, just as it was leaving for the Pan-American conference. Here is another reason for protest and action but the official leaders of the conference are too busy denouncing the "reds" to pay any attention to such minor manifestations of reaction in American dependencies.

The labor movements of Argentina, Brazil and Chile have shown excellent judgment in sending no delegates to a conference which, dominated by American imperialism's labor agents, has no other purpose than to paralyze the resistance of the Latin American peoples to Wall Street aggression.

There is no better way to fight American imperialism than by exposing the true role of the leaders of the Pan-American Federation and aiding in every way the organization of the Latin American masses for struggle against all it stands for.

More Tory Lies and Provocation.

News dispatches from London relate that Manuel Quezon, president of the Philippine senate is in Shanghai, China, with the object of interviewing Michael Borodin, former advisor to the Wuhan government, who is a citizen of the Soviet Union. It is noteworthy that none of the dispatches from Shanghai mention any such proposed conference. As a matter of fact no such conference was contemplated. Borodin, himself, is right now being sought in China by counter-revolutionary mercenaries bent upon his destruction, so it is ridiculous to assume that it is physically possible for him openly to participate in a conference in Shanghai.

The motive for this latest crude lie is easily perceived. The tory government of forgery, provocation and murder, views with alarm the increased demands from American interests desiring to trade with Russia, for recognition of the Soviet Union by the United States, and so endeavors by low intrigue and vicious propaganda through its news agencies to prevent such recognition because it would be a heavy blow to its own industrialists as well as a rebuke to the Baldwin governmental policy against Russia.

The recent revelations of the international spy and forger, Drujalovsky, who confessed to forging documents used by the United States state department against those advocates in the senate of Soviet recognition have discredited the methods of the forgers and provocateurs against the Soviet Union and it is hardly likely that even such a troglodyte as Secretary of State Kellogg will have the audacity to try to use this latest fairy-tale against advocates of recognition. As the only government of the old world that is steadily increasing its productive forces the Soviet Union is attracting investment capital from the enormous surplus held by American capitalists who must, of necessity, find some place to dispose of it or face stagnation. Russia needs this capital to enable her to obtain the enormous amount of productive machinery necessary to carry out her economic program. In face of these facts the provocations on the part of the discredited tories and their ilk will fall flat.

Especially should American labor strive for recognition by this government of the Soviet Union if for nothing other than the fact that the millions of dollars that can be spent for American industrial products will employ many thousands of workers.

Thirteen new mills go up each year, to say nothing of additions and improvements to existing plants; 60 New England textile firms now have southern mills.

The south claims four great advantages: climate, water power, raw materials and labor, and of these labor is the greatest. Critics may pick flaws in her other claims: the warmer the climate, usually the less energetic the laborer; the power trust, through financial legerdemain, may make electricity relatively expensive, especially in view of the refinement of coal combustion processes in northern steam plants; the Carolinas are exporting most of their cotton, the fiber being too short for profitable spinning, and importing the raw material from Texas. But in cheap unskilled labor, the south's claim to supremacy is hardly challenged.

Use "Poor Whites."

The mill owners are drawing their labor power from a vast reservoir of half-famished mountaineers whose standard of living is the lowest in the United States. From wretched huts in the Carolina hills, the "poor white trash" gladly troop down to the mill towns. So infinitely superior are these villages with their monotonous rows of four room shacks, many of which have running water and even electricity, to the primitive cabins of the "hill-billies" that they willingly sacrifice freedom of action and submit to the baronial tyranny of the employer, who owns homes, schools, church and the entire community.

Even the low wages paid in the mill seem princely to the mountaineer who hardly handled \$100 in cash the year round. In addition his wife and children are privileged to toil in the same mill and so for the first time the family escapes the generation-old semi-starvation of the hill regions.

Suborn Preachers.

Employers hire the village preachers, who in turn laud the mill owner and make religion the vehicle for feudal submission. Race pride is stirred by references to the "finest Anglo-Saxon strain in America" and smugly against the Negro is cultivated by "relied references that he will be brought in if ever the white workers lose their proper humility. With the nightmare of the hill life behind him and the terror of Negro competition before him, the southern textile operative is a nearly "union-proof" as any worker in the land.

Letters From Our Readers

"World" In Doubt About Slums.
To THE DAILY WORKER:

The "World" recently carried an editorial lauding "a new plan for the elimination of the so-called (why 'so-called'?) slums and the construction of model apartments for workers." This plan was submitted "at a conference of Mayor Walker with a large number of real estate operators, bankers, philanthropists, and capitalists." What can bankers, capitalists, and realtors be doing at such a conference? This is the answer: found at the end of the editorial. "The feasibility of the plan depends, of course, upon its appeal as a business proposition to the capitalist."

Now, I'd like to ask one little question. If the plan is a good business proposition, and if a 10 per cent return on the investment, as it is claimed, is assured, why cannot the government undertake the project?—instead of some capitalist whose primary concern is his own benefit.

DRAMA

Conrad's 'Rescue' Planned by Hampden—Benefit Concert—Next Saturday

Due to the rain last Saturday night, the concert for the benefit of the Cloakmakers and Furriers, which was to have been given at the Coney Island Stadium, will be held next Saturday.

The vaudeville headliners at Moss' Broadway this week include: Eddie Mayo and Harmonica Band; Tom Howard & Co.; Butler & Parker; Jones & Rea; and Marcelle and Geraldine Miller & Co. Beginning Friday the Dempsey-Sharkey fight pictures will be shown.

"Dear Little Rebel," a musical playlet, with Nancy Gibbs, Robert Vernon, P. J. O'Connor and Dick Trout, book by Edwin Burke and Lyrics by the feature at the Palace this week. The other acts are: Rosa Low, Soprano; Paul Tisen and His Orchestra with Holland Barry; Frank Fay, third week as Master of Ceremonies; Senator Murphy, and Harry and Dennis Dufor.

The Albee in Brooklyn has on its bill this week, Vannesi & Co.; Mr. and Mrs. Coburn; Yates and Lawley; Treasure Land; Barry & Whitledge; Marino and Martin; Cardini; Tom and Bett Waters; Alan and Jean Corelli.

Walter Hampden is planning to do a dramatization of Joseph Conrad's novel "Rescue" among the features of his schedule for next season at the Hampden Theatre. The season may open there the last week in September with "The Light of Asia" or Ibsen's "An Enemy of the People."

Anyhow, what are the "philanthropists" doing at this conference if the "feasibility of the plan depends, of course, upon its appeal as a business proposition to the capitalist?" Sincerely,—S. W. Kass.

Investigate Murder Beating.
An investigation was started yesterday by Police Captain Harry Walsh of the Seventh Precinct, Jersey City into the death of Charles Walls, 52, of that city who died on July 6th. He will try to determine if his death was caused by a beating he suffered while under arrest that day. The charge was made by Wall's father-in-law. He said the body will be exhumed to secure proof of the charges.

Have Paid Your Contribution to the Ruthenberg Sustaining Fund?

What the Daily Worker Means to the Workers

More Encouraging Contributions to Our Emergency Fund.

John G. Zittel, Saginaw, W. S. Mich.2.00
M. Shusnar, (collected) Canton, Ohio28.00
Oakland Nucleus, Oakland, California1.00
F. Butora, Tillamook, Ore.5.00
I. Amter, Cleveland, Ohio15.00
Mrs. A. Horn, (collected) Clifton, N. J.5.00
J. S. Obradovich, Blair Station, Pa.4.60
Hun. Workingmen's Home, Cleveland, Ohio4.00
M. Byer, (collected) Brooklyn, N. Y.15.50
S. S. 3C 1S, New York City7.00
Jos. Willnecker, Toledo, Ohio25.00
Reva Aeroff, New York City1.00
W. Mellin, (collected) Waukegan, Ill.64.00
Benjamin Smith, Charlotte, N. C.15.00
Section 7, Bath Beach, N. Y.6.00
Am. Lit. Wor. Liter. Asso., Newark, N. J.40.75
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COLLEEN MOORE



In "Naughty But Nice," a new film showing at Moss' Broadway this week.

AMUSEMENTS

Little Theatre GRAND STREET FOLLIES
44th St., W. of B'way. Evenings at 8:30. MATINEES TUES. AND THURSDAY, 2:30

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A SOPHISTICATED FARCE
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Let's Fight On! Join The Workers Party!

In the loss of Comrade Ruthenberg the Workers (Communist) Party has lost its foremost leader and the American working class its staunchest fighter. This loss can only be overcome by many militant workers joining the Party that he built.

Fill out the application below and mail it! Become a member of the Workers (Communist) Party and carry forward the work of Comrade Ruthenberg.

I want to become a member of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Name

Address

Occupation

Union Affiliation.....
Mail this application to the Workers Party, 108 East 14th Street, New York City; or if in other city to Workers Party, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Distribute the Ruthenberg pamphlet, "The Workers (Communist) Party, What It Stands For and Why Workers Should Join." This Ruthenberg pamphlet will be the basic pamphlet thruout the Ruthenberg Drive.

Every Party Nucleus must collect 50 cents from every member and will receive 20 pamphlets for every member to sell or distribute.

Nuclei in the New York District will get their pamphlets from the District office—108 East 14th St.

Nuclei outside of the New York District write to THE DAILY WORKER publishing Co., 33 East First Street, New York City, or to the National Office, Workers Party, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

U. C. W. H. Br. No. 11, (collected)8.50
Carpenters Group, N. Y. C.8.00
D. Aspo, San Pedro, California 1.00
S. S. 3C Nucleus 3S, N. Y. C. 5.25
D. Zilinsky, New York City30.00
Freiheit Yugend Clubs and Women's League, Los Angeles65.00
Chas. Bayles, San Jose, Calif.1.00
Sylvia Bernstein, Chicago, Ill.2.00
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NOTE: Books offered in this column on hand in limited quantities. All orders cash and filled in turn as received.

A. F. L. LEADERS REJECT FURRIERS BID FOR PEACE, DECLARES JOINT BOARD

The Joint Board Furriers Union yesterday issued an official statement regarding responsibility for the break in peace negotiations which were inaugurated last week with the A. F. of L. Reorganization Committee under the auspices of Magistrate Joseph Rosenbluth.

The statement says: "The Joint Board Furriers Union desires to make clear to the fur workers the entire matter relating to the peace negotiations between the A. F. of L. Committee and the Joint Board."

"The brave and aggressive struggle of resistance now carried on in the cloak and dressmakers and furriers unions against the bosses, the Forward clique and the chiefs of the A. F. of L. who are attempting to convert the needle trades unions into company unions, has forced the Matthew Woll and McGrady to begin peace negotiations with the leaders of the expelled unions."

Woll and the Police.

"The chaos and demoralization now prevailing in the cloak, dress and fur trades; the unbearable conditions of the workers, who are subject to widespread unemployment and are suffering from the jobbing and contracting and speed-up systems; standards of production; wages that have been reduced to the point of starvation; are the direct results of the criminal attack launched by the politicians of the A. F. of L. on the needle trades unions."

"An unprecedented campaign of terrorism; hiring of gangsters; police persecution; long terms of imprisonment; mass arrests of peaceful pickets—these are the methods employed by the Forward clique, the Matthew Woll, Greens against the workers with the aim of forcing their discredited leadership on the unions."

"The unbearable conditions that have been brought about in the needle trades unions by these disrupters of the labor movement, thru a policy of expulsion and reorganization of unions against the will of the workers, has opened the eyes not only of the thousands of organized workers of all trades to the treacherous role that the Matthew Woll and Greens—posing as workers' representatives—are playing in the labor movement; but has also called forth bitter resentment from the New York Central Trades and Labor Council, a bonafide part of the A. F. of L. which has openly exposed and rejected the strikebreaking methods of the chief traitor and open agent of American capitalism—Mr. Matthew Woll."

"Under this pressure from the general labor movement, the representatives of the A. F. of L. were forced to carry on negotiations for peace with the representatives of the furriers and cloakmakers unions."

"The representatives of both unions made clear their positions at the peace conference—that the lefts within the unions do not carry on the struggle that has been forced upon them for the sake of satisfying their gains and ambitions, but in the interests of the mass of the workers. This was once more clearly established by the peace program offered as a base for negotiations. We did not deny that we are interested in peace and unity in our International Union, but at the same time, we demanded that the unions should be instruments of struggle to defend the interests of the workers and not to enable the bosses and their agents to exploit the workers. We therefore demanded that:

Eliminate A. F. of L. Sluggers.

(1) "The A. F. of L. officials should eliminate their hired sluggers from their dual union."

(2) "Reinstatement of the expelled locals and individual members."

(3) "That the A. F. of L. should nullify their secret supplementary agreement with the bosses and should recognize the agreement which was signed by the Joint Board and Association representatives on June, 1936, after the victorious general strike, i. e. a guarantee of the 40-hour week and the other recent gains of the workers."

(4) "That all the appointed dictators of the A. F. of L. be eliminated and elections be held. In order to insure an honest election, an impartial committee agreed to by both sides to be selected to supervise the elections."

"The above were our peace terms. Time and again we assured the spokesmen of Green and Woll that we are not seeking paid offices in the union and are not conducting the struggle to insure our further continuance as paid officers. To prove our sincerity, Comrades Gold and Shapiro were ready to decline to run for office in this election, altho it is their constitutional right to do so. We unquestionably established at the peace conference that the interests and welfare of the workers are above all other considerations."

Woll Fights Union Principles.

"However, it is evident that Green and Matthew Woll feared to agree to our peace terms, which are based upon fundamental democratic principles of the trade union movement—to which the members are entitled even in accordance with the constitution of the A. F. of L."

"It is evident that President Green and Matthew Woll cannot, and have no desire to, eliminate their hired sluggers. They are opposed to the 40-hour week. They are opposed to our recent gains achieved thru our struggles. They are opposed to honest elections conducted by an impartial committee and they are opposed to the reinstatement of the expelled locals and members. They are opposed to a united and strong union. Therefore they refused to accept our peace terms."

"Is more proof necessary to establish the fact that they are enemies of organized labor and are serving the bosses? Is more proof necessary to show that the 'right' are out to sell out the workers, to deprive them of their rights as union members and to convert the unions into company unions. The very fact that the A. F. of L. officials broke off the peace negotiations and refused to accept our peace demands, throw a clear light upon the entire situation and demonstrates clearly the suspicious aims of Green, Woll, Forward & Co."

"This does not weaken the fight, but on the contrary, their action opens the minds of the workers and offers sufficient proof to the rank and file that our fight is carried on to protect the interests of the workers and against the bosses and their right wing agents."

"The Unity Committee, which has initiated the movement for unity in the International Union, has a two-fold purpose:

(1) "To mobilize all local unions thruout the country for the unity movement."

(2) "To eliminate the traitors of the labor movement."

"It is the duty of every honest union worker to support the Unity Committee financially and morally in its activities. The victory of the Joint Boards of the Cloak and Dressmakers and Furriers Unions means the victory of the entire labor movement."

Chemical Blast Injures Two on Staten Island

Thousands of persons were awakened, windows in buildings for a mile in every direction were shattered, and two men were slightly hurt when chemicals stored in a government quarantine building at Clifton, S. I., exploded early yesterday.

The building was used for storing disinfectants used in fumigating incoming vessels. It burned to the water's edge and threatened a building nearby containing custom house records.

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Subway Strike Looms, Union Leaders Say

(Continued from Page One)

the workers for an immediate strike, Shea declared, "there is an ever-increasing tendency among the men to engage in a life-and-death struggle with the I. R. T. on the question of successful unionization. More and more each day we have men call on us and ask us to lock horns with the I. R. T. gang on the question of a workers' union."

Central Trades To Discuss.

The grievances of the I. R. T. workers will be brought before the Central Trades and Labor Council of New York Thursday evening Shea said. Prominent officials of the American Federation of Labor are expected to address the meeting.

The New York Industrial Survey Commission has repudiated all rumors that it is interested in the negotiating of the present struggle, Shea declared.

Open Shop Spear-Head.

The attempt of the I. R. T. to foist a company union on its workers is the spear-head of a national open-shop movement, according to Coleman. The I. R. T. is trying to establish a closed shop organ is in reality leading the fight for the elimination of unionism, he declared.

No Chicago Strike.

CHICAGO, July 19.—The strike of the 15,000 Chicago traction workers that has been threatened for the last few weeks was averted yesterday when officials of the traction company and the union came to an agreement to submit the wage dispute to a board of three arbitrators. One arbitrator will be named by the union, one by the traction corporation and they together will make a third today.

Party Activities.

NEW YORK-NEW JERSEY.

H. M. Wicks Speaks Tonight.

All members of International Branch 1 should attend the sub-section meeting this evening at 108 East 14th Street. Comrade Wicks will address the meeting.

Educational Meeting Tonight.

Subsection 2-B will hold an educational meeting this evening, 8:30 p. m., at 100 West 28th Street. E. Dorf will lecture on "The Importance of Participation in Election Campaigns."

Open Air Meetings Thursday.

Second Ave. and 10th St. Speakers: Cowl, Paterson, Garrett, Powers, Goldberg, Rais and B. Rubin. St. Ann Ave. and 138th St. Speakers: Baum, Glazin, Evans and McDonald.

Mermaid Ave. and West 25th St. Coney Island. Speakers: Bimba, Ehrlich and Powers.

Bronx Y. W. L. Meet Thursday.

The Bronx Section of the Young Workers League meets every Thursday, 8:30 p. m. at 1347 Boston Road.

Important Notice.

ALL MATERIAL FOR THE DAILY WORKER CARNIVAL MUST BE DELIVERED TO ROOM 35, 108 EAST 14TH STREET, NOT LATER THAN FRIDAY NIGHT.

George Krim, Attention!

George Krim will please get in touch with The DAILY WORKER, 108 East 14th St., at once.

Educational Meeting Tonight.

Three units of Section 3 will hold a joint educational meeting tonight, 8:30 p. m. at 100 West 28th St. Juliet Stuart Poyntz will lecture on the "Lessons of the American Revolution."

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BUILDERS START SCAB AGENCY IN FIGHT ON UNION

Back Ousted Officials of Electricians

Operating thru discredited "labor leaders," the Electrical Board of Trade, headed by the notorious open shopper Charles Eidlitz, is attempting to smash the Electrical Union.

In addition to backing and supporting Richard L. O'Hara, ousted president of Local 3, in his attempt to take the union funds from the present officials of the local, Eidlitz is encouraging a "union" calling itself "The Alteration and Maintenance Electrical Workers of Greater New York."

The organization of the dual union is intended as a scab agency, it is said. A number of workers have joined the scab union because of the failure of Local 3 to take them into the union.

Unless Local 3 lets down its bars completely and takes energetic measures to admit many electrical workers of the various crafts into the union, the dual union, intended as a scab agency, will be a constant menace, according to persons in close touch with the situation.

Evidence that the ousted officials of Local 3 of the Electrical Workers Union carried on a campaign of graft and corruption, while in office, was submitted in court yesterday by former Assistant District Attorney James E. Smith, counsel for H. H. Broach, international vice-president.

The ousted officials, backed by Charles Eidlitz, open-shop chairman of the Electrical Board of Trade, has applied to Supreme Court Justice William H. Black for a receiver to handle the funds of the local.

The ousted president Richard L. O'Hara and former Secretary O'Toole forced a contractor working on a power plant for the Edison Company to pay them \$200 a month, Smith charged.

The drive to organize repairmen and men on contract jobs that is being conducted by the present officials of the union is responsible for Eidlitz's drive on the union, H. H. Broach charged in an interview with a representative of THE DAILY WORKER.

Ex-Judge in New Jersey Jailed on Fraud Charge

Former District Judge Francis H. McCauley was required to furnish \$1,000 in Union City, N. J., when he was arrested yesterday on a warrant charging him with fraudulently obtaining \$4,000 in Liberty Bonds from a client.

Volunteers Wanted

To help with some important work at THE DAILY WORKER office, 33 First Street.

NOTICE FOR THE DAILY WORKER CARNIVAL & FAIR

All material must be delivered at 108 East 14th Street not later than Friday, July 22.

Volunteers will be needed all day Saturday. Report at the park.

\$100 Let Your Money Build Workers' Co-operatives for You \$300

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GOLD BONDS

Right Wingers Force Capmakers to Accept Production Standards

Four hundred striking capmakers were forced to swallow a bitter pill when the right wing administration leader, President Max Zaritsky announced that they had won the 40-hour week at the expense of accepting standards of production.

The announcement was at a membership meeting held at Beethoven Hall yesterday afternoon.

The bosses had previously declared that they were willing to grant their workers a 40-hour week providing that the union accepted the manufacturers' standards of production, and the final agreement marks a defeat for the right wing administration.

The decision of the right wing leaders met with the disapproval of the rank and file of workers who attended the meeting.

Tenement Revision Committee Winds Up N. Y. Housing Probe

After studying the extremely hazardous and congested tenement house districts in Queens Tuesday, members of the Tenement Law Revision Commission wound up their inspection of New York tenement houses yesterday with an inspection of Bronx and Manhattan slums.

"We don't realize what a tragedy a fire starting in one of these rows of houses might mean," said Senator Antin, a member of the commission after inspecting outlying sections of Brooklyn and Queens. "Films in construction, they already have begun to deteriorate. They undoubtedly constitute one of the great fire hazards of the city."

If a fire were to start in certain section of Queens, the great Chicago fire would look like a cigarette lighter in comparison, declared Harold Riegleman, counsel for the commission.

The following meetings will be held: Local 2 of the I. L. G. W. U. and Cap and Millinery Workers will meet Thursday at 15 East Third street; Local 35 of the I. L. G. W. U. will meet Thursday at 10 East Twenty-second street; Local 22 of the I. L. G. W. U. will meet at 15 East Third street, Monday, while locals 38, 41, 62 and 91 will meet in Room 32 of the Stuyvesant Casino. A meeting place for locals 5, 8 and 48 of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers and for locals 1, 10 and 15 of the furriers, all of which will meet Monday evening will be announced later.

All of the meetings will take place immediately after work.

TUEL Groups of Needle Trades to Hear Reports On Tuesday Conference

The following meetings will be held: Local 2 of the I. L. G. W. U. and Cap and Millinery Workers will meet Thursday at 15 East Third street; Local 35 of the I. L. G. W. U. will meet Thursday at 10 East Twenty-second street; Local 22 of the I. L. G. W. U. will meet at 15 East Third street, Monday, while locals 38, 41, 62 and 91 will meet in Room 32 of the Stuyvesant Casino. A meeting place for locals 5, 8 and 48 of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers and for locals 1, 10 and 15 of the furriers, all of which will meet Monday evening will be announced later.

All of the meetings will take place immediately after work.

Only Committee Members Will Be Admitted Into the Stadium Early Saturday

Nobody will be admitted to the Coney Island Stadium before the regular opening of the doors at 6:45 p. m. Saturday, July 23, unless he has a special credential as a member of the committee. All committee men and gatekeepers of the Nelson and Sisselman committees and all users can get a credential by registering again at the Defense office.

Tells of Bank.

Brady told the convention at great detail of the Federation Bank, how in four years it has grown from \$500,000 to over \$20,000,000. "Every community," continued Brady, "is in need of a good labor bank. When you out of town delegates start to organize them, be sure and call in the local business men and place them on the board of directors, so their expert advice will help in the management."

When Brady finished speaking, William Kohn, president of the union, who was presiding asked him to tell Governor Smith that "if he desires to become president of the United States, it is our wish to help him be elected."

Green Couldn't Come.

Letters were read from William Green, president, and Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor stating that they would not be able to address the convention due to the fact that they are attending the sessions of the Pan-American Federation of Labor now meeting in Washington.

UPHOLSTERERS' CONVENTION IN SESSION HERE

At yesterday's session of the 15th biennial convention of the Upholsterers' Union now being held at Hotel Cadillac, 434 St. near Broadway, the entire morning was devoted to listening to speeches by well-known officials of the American Federation of Labor.

About ten progressive resolutions have been introduced by delegates to the convention. Local 37 of Boston has been before the convention resolutions demanding the immediate release of Sacco and Vanzetti, the affiliation of the International union with the National Council for the Protection of Foreign Born Workers and with the Workers Health Bureau.

For Hands Off China.

Local 76 of New York, the largest local in the union having over 1,300 members, has introduced resolutions demanding "Hands Off China," and recognition of the Nationalist government of that country, for the recognition of the Soviet Union and in favor of a labor party also in opposition to the Citizens' Military Training Camps.

The resolutions are now in the hands of the resolution committee and probably will be acted upon at Thursday's session.

In the president's report to the convention it is stated that the union has 83 locals and 11,093 members.

Among those that addressed the 41 delegates were John Sullivan, president of the New York State Federation of Labor; Hugh Frayne, organizer of the New York Federation; Pe-

ter J. Brady, president of the Federation Bank and A. Lessing of the Amusement Crafts.

Tells of Bank.

Brady told the convention at great detail of the Federation Bank, how in four years it has grown from \$500,000 to over \$20,000,000. "Every community," continued Brady, "is in need of a good labor bank. When you out of town delegates start to organize them, be sure and call in the local business men and place them on the board of directors, so their expert advice will help in the management."

When Brady finished speaking, William Kohn, president of the union, who was presiding asked him to tell Governor Smith that "if he desires to become president of the United States, it is our wish to help him be elected."

Green Couldn't Come.

Letters were read from William Green, president, and Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor stating that they would not be able to address the convention due to the fact that they are attending the sessions of the Pan-American Federation of Labor now meeting in Washington.

Only Committee Members Will Be Admitted Into the Stadium Early Saturday

Nobody will be admitted to the Coney Island Stadium before the regular opening of the doors at 6:45 p. m. Saturday, July 23, unless he has a special credential as a member of the committee. All committee men and gatekeepers of the Nelson and Sisselman committees and all users can get a credential by registering again at the Defense office.

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French Communist Party Has Powerful Daily to Reach Oppressed Masses

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL

All native Paris has eyes keenly trained to recognize foreigners. The elderly woman, therefore, who tends the newsstand where the Rue de la Paix enters the Place de l'Opera, thought it quite natural that I should purchase the Paris editions of The New York Herald-Tribune and The Chicago Tribune. But she was quite puzzled when I also asked for a copy of L'Humanite. Evidently she had not sold many copies of the central organ of the French Communist Party to American visitors in the French capital.

I had secured passage upon the Mauretania, the first fast boat to leave Cherbourg for New York. But it would not sail for three days. Three days in which to get acquainted with the French comrades and to study the French Communist movement! I was attracted first, of course, as if by magnet, to the offices of the L'Humanite, at 142 Rue Montmartre.

It was on the heights of Montmartre that the Paris commune made its first bid for power on March 18, 1871, when the Communards seized 250 cannons on La Butte and defied the government of Thiers. The revolutionists were dislodged by the government troops on May 24th and the batteries of Montmartre were then turned on the Communards posted on La Butte, Chaumont and Pere Lachaise. It is pointed out that some of the streets in this district are very narrow, making it easy to close them with hastily erected barricades.

Rue Montmartre is narrow and winding. The neighborhood of "No. 142" is clearly a printing house section, like Williams Street in New York City, or Federal Street in Chicago. L'Humanite is only one of many publications housed in the same building. The editorial and business offices occupy two entire floors.

The comrade who receives visitors speaks only French. So we have a rather difficult time of it; but only until he finds another comrade who speaks German, which offers a basis of communication. Marcel Cachin, the editor, is in the chamber of deputies, of which he is a member and the leader of the Communist faction. Jacques Doriot has just returned from China and is now before a committee of the French chamber of deputies replying to charges that he made seditious speeches at Canton, tending to disturb the tranquility of French colonial rule in Indo-China. Henri Barbusse, author of several books on the world war, who is literary editor, is out of town on his vacation.

I decide that on the morrow, I shall go to the Chamber of Deputies. So today I spend my time with Gabriel Peri, the foreign editor of L'Humanite, who speaks very good English, reminding me of Comrade Cook, foreign editor of the Pravda, in Moscow. Peri is a constant contributor to the International Press Correspondence.

Founded by Jean Jaures.

L'Humanite was founded by Jean Jaures, in 1904, and remained the central organ of the French Socialist Party for many years. During the war Jean Longuet founded another socialist daily, Le Populaire. When the split came in France between the socialists and the Communists, the Communists took the L'Humanite with them and have kept it as the central organ of the Communist Party. Jaures was assassinated by a French kingly on the eve of the outbreak of the world war in 1914. Huge demonstrations are held annually by the Communists on the anniversary of Jaures' martyrdom, and L'Humanite carries on its first page, upper left hand corner, "Fondeur, Jean Jaures."

Jean Longuet, who was used for years by the Second (Socialist) International as the butt of its attack on the Communist International, is now foreign editor of Le Populaire, the socialist organ, of which the extreme right winger, Leon Blum, is now the chief editor.

L'Humanite is Able Staffed.

It is very evident that L'Humanite has an able staff. Comrade Peri tells me that 20 comrades are actively engaged on the paper. This reminds me of our own bare half dozen on THE DAILY WORKER.

Cachin is the chief editor. Vaillant Couturier, also a member of the chamber of deputies, is an editorial writer. Peri is foreign editor. Barbusse is literary editor which also includes supervision of book reviews, theater and кино criticisms, and whatever concerns the radio that goes into the paper. Barbusse also selects available fiction. This does not mean that Barbusse does all this alone. He has at least five assistants collaborating with him. Peri also has four assistants. There are five in the trade union news department. Andre Delahy is the political writer. Considerable attention is given to sports, in fact, during my visit a long distance bicycle rider, who had attracted considerable attention, ended his race against time before large throngs that acclaimed him on his arrival in front of our Communist daily.

Quarter Million Subscription List.

The subscription list of L'Humanite now totals a quarter of a million readers. But it is the only Communist daily in France. The individual circulation of the German Communist dailies are much smaller, but there are 36 of these German dailies.

But today L'Humanite issuing a special edition against the new military law that is being foisted on the French working class with the aid of the socialists. In fact, the new mobilization law is sponsored by the socialist, Paul Boncour. It provides for forcing all men, women and even children into the war machine immediately the war is declared. The Communists alone fight this law, that will wipe out all workers' organizations simultaneously with the new war's inception. The proposal by the socialist, Boncour, has been accepted by the government as its own, glorifying in the prospect of "the mobilization of every citizen without distinction of age or sex, in case of war."

News Service Well Organized.

Our French daily has a well organized news service. It gets the telegraph news of "Tass" (Russian Telegraph Agency) and of Havas, the official French telegraph service.

In addition L'Humanite has special correspondents in every city of any importance in France. There are 10 of these paid correspondents, while about 40 are unpaid. There are also paid foreign correspondents in London, Berlin, Brussels and Rome, while the closest touch is kept with the news sources in the Soviet Union.

Worker Correspondents in Paris.

L'Humanite has worker correspondents in every great factory in Paris. About 200 of these are organized into 30 Worker Correspondents' Groups.

A campaign has now been started to broaden this movement to all parts of the nation. Members of the trade union department of the paper will make a tour of the country for this purpose.

Thus the Communist Party of France builds its daily organ, bringing it into closer and closer contact with the masses of the French workers and farmers.

Pravda, in Moscow; Der Roite Fahne, in Berlin, and L'Humanite, in Paris, are the three leading Communist dailies in the world, that the Communists in the United States and other countries may well study in building more such mass organs of the working class.



WHO AM I?

I am a farmer who specializes in manicured hogs.

I married the daughter of a man whose name is surrounded by oaths when travellers are trying to get in or out of an upper berth.

I am a candidate for the G. O. P. nomination for president.

I am ready to promise the workers and farmers anything in return for their votes.

(If you are stuck write for the answer to the Who Am I editor of THE DAILY WORKER.)

CLARIFYING POLITICAL ISSUES IN THE MINNESOTA LABOR MOVEMENT

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 15.—In order to estimate correctly the effect of the June 13th municipal elections on the Farmer-Labor movement politically and throughout the state, it is necessary to review briefly what the political situation was just prior to the elections, the attitude of the Labor Aldermen then in office and also the position taken by the leaders of the trade union movement.

We must call to mind that before the elections of 1925 the Labor members of the Council numbered fourteen—a majority of the seats. In that year, due principally to the inroads already made by the Mayor Leach machine in the trade union movement (85 per cent of the Business Agents and other trade union officials were in this machine) six Labor aldermen were defeated after a campaign in which the left wing of the movement fought almost alone and without a candidate for Mayor because a treachery of the right wing of the trade union leadership, who, due to their "loyalty" to the so-called "good" candidate and "friend" of Labor, Mayor Leach, refused to allow the filing of a Labor Party candidate for the office of mayor.

In the last elections, the situation was substantially the same, except that the Labor Councilmen numbered only eight, who were, with the exception of Alderman Scott, opposed to the filing of a candidate for Mayor, and with Alderman Hanson taking the lead in the fight within the Farmer-Labor Association to head off the endorsement of a full ticket. The Hennepin County Central Committee, just prior to the primaries on May 9th, sponsored the calling of a delegated conference of all working class organizations, with emphasis on the Trade Unions, to air and fully discuss the question of a full ticket. At this meeting which was well attended, with representatives from trade unions, workingmen's clubs, women's auxiliaries and liberal organizations, the right wing labor leaders of the Leach machine and the Labor Councilmen who had opposed the full ticket idea within the Farmer-Labor Association, came together on common ground in the Conference, defeated the left wing and prevented the endorsement of a candidate for mayor.

It is also necessary, in order to understand fully the confusion within the movement, to show the forces involved and the reasons for the peculiar line-up on the important question of a full ticket:

1. The right wing trade union officials who are opposed in principle to the Farmer-Labor Party and who constitute the backbone of the Leach machine in the trade union movement.
2. Part of the right wing trade union leadership and some center elements who are opposed to the affiliation of the trade union movement to the Farmer-Labor Association, but who support the Farmer-Labor Party as individuals. Their attitude on the question of working class political action renders first-class support to the right wing.
3. A small group of trade union leaders who accept the Farmer-Labor Association as the political organization of the workers and work for the affiliation of all local unions, but who have been terrorized by the drive of the A. F. of L. officialdom on the Communists and left wing in the labor movement, and who lack the necessary confidence in the rank and file to unite with the left wing and oppose openly the destructive policy of the right wing.
4. Outside of the trade unions, but working in complete harmony with the extreme right wing of the trade union leadership is the Van Lear machine. Van Lear, once Socialist mayor, controls the "Daily Star," the paper stolen from the workers and now used to support Mayor Leach and to attack in the most vicious manner to the Labor Aldermen and the Farmer-Labor Association.
5. The Labor Councilmen, who with the above-mentioned exception, opposed the endorsement of a labor candidate for Mayor, because of a gentlemen's political agreement to support Alderman Turner, Republican Alderman from the 7th (Hanson's ward) Ward, for Mayor; and, as Alderman Hanson, their spokesman, expressed it—"not to be hampered in the campaign with a Labor candidate for Mayor who would act as a drag and would defeat the Labor Councilmen for re-election."
6. The left wing and the Communists, whose program can be briefly stated as follows:

- (a) Affiliation to the Farmer-Labor Association of all working class organizations with particular attention to the local unions.
- (b) Building, at the present time, the Ward Clubs of the Farmer-Labor Association.
- (c) Filing in all elections of full tickets.
- (d) Regular meeting of the Hennepin County Central Committee.
- (e) Placing of responsibility for the conduct of election campaigns in the hands of the regularly constituted organs of the Farmer-Labor Association.

(Continued tomorrow)

ULDINE UTLEY, REV. STRATON'S NEMESIS



This Fresno, Calif. girl intended to go on the stage, but Aimee Semple McPherson, before her notorious "kidnapping" episode persuaded her there was more profit in religion. She preaches with considerable appearance of emotionalism, so much so that her sermons in the church of the reactionary fundamentalist, John Roach Straton, helped to convince part of his flock that he was leaning towards Holy Rollerism. It has also been charged several times that she becomes nervously unbalanced while in the pulpit. But the moron's fall for her in her tent by the Yankee Stadium.

Algy and Norman in Their Lighter Moods - - S. P. Leaders Fight War

(By Our War Correspondent.)

The Reverend Doctor Norman Thomas, and his cohort, "Professor" Algernon Lee, set out the other night "to help the young kids along." It happened that the Young Peoples Socialist League (in case you don't recall what the letters Y. P. S. L. stand for) was holding an anti-war meeting at 10th St. and 2nd Ave.

Algy and Norman were among the speakers. The meeting was scheduled for 8 o'clock, so, according to this writer's information, the Rand school twins drifted around at ten after.

Norman was dressed characteristically. Wearing dark suit, carefully creased trousers, shirt open at the neck, his hair combed back, in the opinion of one member of the audience, he was either going to speak on "industrial democracy" or some patent medicine.

Immediately his young friends paid their homage. Distantly, he greeted the young men with a "How de do." The girls, however, got a pleasant smile and a handshake. Gallantry, you know, is alive even in a democracy. However, the smile became less prominent, and the handshake more absent when Norman saw he was becoming an object of interest.

Immediately the reporters of the capitalist press clustered around him. Norman, you see, is considered good copy by the capitalist press, because he's "so naive!" Algy, with a bundle of papers under his arm for effect, horned in on the group. Even though he didn't look very socialist with a brand new palm beach suit and a Panama hat on, he evidently thought he might "yes" Norman with some effect.

Although this writer couldn't join the group, since Algy and Norman would rather be quoted in the capitalist press than the working class press, everything Gallagher and Sheehan from 15th St. said furnished him with good copy. Too bad one can't keep reporters for THE DAILY WORKER a mile away from socialist meetings. They're bound to find out the truth about the decay of the socialist party.

"What are you going to speak about, Mr. Thomas?" the reporters respectfully inquired.

"Well," Thomas was heard to answer, with amazing frankness, "you know I don't know a single new thing to say on this subject."

"There isn't anything new to say," pitched in Algy, his yes-man.

"Don't you think the disarmament conference is really a conference on armament?" a reporter suggested.

"Oh yes," Thomas replied, in a relieved tone. Then he echoed the statement. Algy nodded approval. The reporters scribbled a hasty note: "Thinks disarmament conference a conference on armament."

The heat became a subject for comment. Norman called the chairman, and asked if he had time to go to 11th St. to get a glass of beer. The chairman registered embarrassment. Norman looked at the reporters, and thought better of it. The conference was resumed.

Talk drifted around to THE DAILY WORKER. Thomas first admitted he read it. Maybe Algy gave him a dirty look, but anyhow, he hastily explained that he used to read it, "but I got under my skin, so I cut it out."

"Can't you get valuable information from it?" he was asked.

Algy got a word in. "One can learn something, if one reads it backwards," he said with a silly smile, expecting to hear uproarious laughter greet his wise-crack. He only got a question, "You're well known for your ability at interpretation, so you shouldn't have any trouble." A black look. Algy didn't like that dirty dig.

Only a handful of people had turned out for the meeting. Norman apologized to the agreeable reporters. "It's hard to get people to turn out in weather like this!" he said. "Al and I only came over to help the young kids along." Algy smiled, benevolently.

A cloakmaker came over. "Here," said Thomas, as though he were showing exhibit A, "There is a chap that was beaten up last week in the furrier's strike."

The cloakmaker liked the publicity. "Yeh!" he said illuminatingly.

"The left wing is attacking our people—" Thomas began, but he was interrupted by the cloakmaker who interjected, "It wasn't the left wing. I got in the way of a cop."

Norman swallowed hard. Here was a situation that would never meet the approval of Abraham Shippliff and Jimmy O'neal. Algy saved the day. He brought up Coolidge.

"God must be on the side of Coolidge," Norman said, as profoundly as ever he spoke in a Presbyterian pulpit. "He's always making mistakes, and being saved miraculously."

Then the talk, for want of topics apparently, drifted around to the Rand School. Algy's face lighted up. He had found something funny to say. "You know, James Fuchs is a funny old cuss. Apparently he's joined the Volkseigenung group. Whenever he writes an article for them, he always makes a boring remark about the Rand School, and my connection with it. You know, that's just because he's sore because I didn't let him have a lecture-ship at the school this season." Norman laughed. Algy had thought up a good one. After all, by sprinkling plenty of C-N around, he might be able to cover up the decay of the Rand School for another year.

Then they spoke. Neither of them had anything to say, but how they said it. Algy grimaced, gesticulated, and rolled his pseudo-Oxford accent like a veteran Indian medicine doctor. Norman ranted and snorted, did everything but whiney. The reporters walked to telephones, but apparently their papers weren't interested in the story they hashed up, because nothing was printed.

How is it that the capitalist press considered a socialist anti-war open-air meeting worth covering? Well, it wasn't because Algy and Norman were scheduled to speak before the handful of Yipsels who had gathered. It was because they had sent out a press-agent story, written perhaps by Jimmy O'neal, lover of truth—as he sees it. It said: "Ten thousand people are expected..." and went on, concluding with "it is expected that members of the Young Workers League will attempt to break up the meeting, but we will defend our constitutional rights." The Y. W. L. members, naturally, didn't show up. They aren't, Yipsels to the contrary notwithstanding, ghouls.

SEND IN YOUR LETTERS

THE DAILY WORKER is anxious to receive letters from its readers stating their views on the issues confronting the labor movement. It is our hope to develop a "Letter Box" department that will be of wide interest to all members of THE DAILY WORKER family. Send in your letter today to "The Letter Box," THE DAILY WORKER, 38 First Street, New York City.

Against the War Danger

The Future War and the Working Class

By D. MARETZYKY.

V.

(Conclusion.)

From the foregoing it will be seen what attitude international Bolshevism takes in regard to war. The international Bolsheviks are in duty bound: 1. to oppose an imperialist war with their might, to permit "no war between the great slave-owners for the maintenance and consolidation of slavery" (Lenin); 2. to guard carefully against the possibility of an attack on the part of the allied imperialist slave-owners on the Soviet Union; 3. to carry on the most determined fight against the "punitive" campaign already begun by the imperialists against revolutionary China; 4. to mobilize the broad masses of all countries to support in the most active manner the revolutionary military defence of the Soviet Republic in case the imperialists should ever attack the Soviet Union; 5. in case it should prove impossible to prevent the great imperialist war, to strive persistently to transform this war into a civil war.

Must Expose War Threats.

For this purpose, however, it is necessary that there should be a systematic, persevering, obstinate campaign of exposure and prevention against the war.

The whole of the political work of the Communist Party must be linked up with the fight against the danger of war.

The fight against Fascism and the growing pan-European Reaction must also be carried on stubbornly as a fight against the danger of war; the adventurous foreign policy of the Fascist States must be continually pilloried, the spread of Fascism in the army must be countered, and the real meaning of the Fascist coup d'Etat in the countries bordering on the Soviet Union, as also Chamberlain's policy to create a Fascist cordon along the Soviet frontier, must be exposed.

Show Up Pacifism.

It is necessary to disclose in Leninist fashion the whole senselessness of pacifism, of bourgeois as well as petty-bourgeois pacifism, its absolute emptiness and its complete political impotence.

Never Forget 1914-1918.

The open political fight against international Democracy is of special urgency. In this matter, the sections of the Communist International are in a very favorable position, as they are based, the Social Democrats do not like to be reminded of their inglorious conduct during the world war. For this reason the Communists must propagate with all the more persistence the lessons of the years 1914 to 1918 and recall them to the minds of the masses.

Will Again Betray Labor.

The present leaders of the Socialist parties will again prove treacherous, they will again be the purveyors of cannon-fodder again daily in the ante-chambers of ministries and general staffs (they are already sitting there: Paul Boncour & Co.), they will again invent "sacred aims" of the war and drag out from the arsenal of history the slogans of the "defense of home and country," of the best of native countries, of the native country of finance-capital.

Social Democracy, and even its "left" wing, carries on no real fight against the danger of war, nor can it do so. The Social-Democratic leaders merely give themselves out to be opponents of war. It is not possible for one to fight against war, so long as one countenances the maintenance and promotion of imperialism and white-washes its villainies.

Kautsky's "Scoundrels."

Karl Kautsky admitted on May 1st in a sudden fit of candour that the battle-cry of the present international policy is: "Scoundrels of all countries, unite!" The fortunate patriarch of international Socialism "forgot," however, to add "scoundrels of all countries" run the League of Nations, that Mussolini plays the role of the beautiful Benjamin in the League of Nations, though in reality he is only Chamberlain's right hand, that Chamberlain directs the whole European policy under the slogan "Beat the Soviets," that Social Democracy with its agitation against the Soviet Union constantly backs up Chamberlain, that the first violin in this agitation is played by German Social Democracy, the party of Karl Kautsky himself. It seems to us that, not only do the "scoundrels of all countries" unite, they also draw Social Democracy into their league.

Special mention must surely be made of the Social Democratic legend of the so-called imperialism of the Soviet Union or of "Red Imperialism."

Social Democracy would much rather spread this legend than tell the masses the truth about real Imperialism and its armaments.

A Low Accusation.

To accuse the Soviet Union of "imperialism" aims at just as villainous as to place on the same level the armies of the imperialistic countries and the army of the Socialist revolution, the Red Army. How is it possible to compare predatory capitalist militarism with the promotion of the proletarian dictatorship's ability to defend itself?

And as the backs of the Social-Democratic Press do this constantly they hereby prove that they are direct allies of Imperialism in its fight against the Socialist state.

Now Preparing Next War.

The question, whether the imperialists will succeed during the next historic period in bringing about and carrying on a great war will be decided, as are all great questions in public life, by the course of the class struggle in the world and by the relation of strength and activity of the proletariat and the bourgeoisie. The imperialists are preparing the war quite openly. The question, the decisive, main question, is whether it will be possible to get millions of men to go to war, for an imperialist war carried on according to "all the rules of the art" can only be a war of the masses.

Socialists Prepare Treachery.

This is a question of power, a question of concrete historic fight. On the one hand, the whole armored apparatus of lies, hypocrites, suggestion and compulsion, will be thrown to the scale of war and peace. In the same way, International Social Democracy will work in the same direction for winning the "power of the masses" for war. If the new slaughter of the people really comes about, it will in a huge measure be the work of Social Democracy. It is even possible that a portion of the Communist Press will display "shameless conduct," for which Lenin has already prepared the Bolsheviks.

We should not be Marxists, if we did not consider in a sober fashion our chances, i.e., the possibilities of preventing a big war or of transforming it into a civil war.

Last War Hunts World.

1. The whole of humanity, and especially the working class, still remembers the year 1914, still thinks of relatives and friends who were dragged into the international slaughter: tens of thousands of cripples and invalids are still living.

2. To decide the masses a second time with the "humane" purposes of the war will be more difficult than it was the first time, even the virtuous of Social-Democratic lies will not succeed in this case. It is not out of the question that, if a portion of the Communist Press collapses considerable strata of Social-Democracy and even independent workers will refrain from following Social-Democracy.

3. In place of Tsarist Russia with its "outsoken Reaction" (Lenin) we have the proletarian Soviet Union, which pursues a distinct policy of peace, which in face of the blood-thirsty policy of the imperialists is the only safe refuge of international peace.

4. There is now a powerful Communist International, which did not exist in 1914.

5. The East of 1927 is not the same as that of the year 1914. At that time the Orient still slumbered. Today even the backward bourgeois papers speak of the "awakening" of China.

6. If the world conflagration breaks out and its front is the frontiers of the proletariat and of the Capitalist States, there will be good chances in favor of the proletarian State in the fight against the imperialists, even if the latter are superior in war techniques. The incitement to civil war in our country, the experience of the famous Churchill "attack of the 13 States," have shown the imperialists how difficult it is to make war upon a country, in which there is no ruling class of land-owners and capitalists.

The "strength of the masses" is a prime factor in the fight of the army of the proletariat. An even if the mechanism of the imperialist war on two fronts converted the imperialist war into a civil war (rise of the first Soviet State and founding of the Comintern), the fact of an imperialist war on a single front, i.e., the fight of class against class within an international war—will transform such a war the more quickly into a civil war, behind the front, in the armies of Reaction. In the coming big war of the "white" and "red" roses, imperialism is in danger of finding its grave.

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